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The following table outlines a number of research facts that are directly related to the horticulture industry. If further information is required, refer to the cited scientific paper reference.

WINDBREAK	
Wind can destroy blossom prior to setting, damage and discolour fruit, increase fruit fall and increase insect damage.	Cremer, K.W., (ed), (1990). <i>Trees for Rural Australia</i> . Inkata Press, Sydney.
POLLINATION	
As much as 50% of pollination is carried out by native insects that fly to crops from nearby bushland.	CSIRO Wildlife and Ecology, and Sidney Myer Centenary Celebration, (2000). <i>The Nature and Value of Australia's Ecosystem Services</i> .
Pollination of crops by insects and birds has been estimated to be worth between \$600 million and \$1.2 billion. (1990 estimate).	CSIRO Wildlife and Ecology, and Sidney Myer Centenary Celebration, (2000). <i>The Nature and Value of Australia's Ecosystem Services</i> .
Increased yields of 20%-100% were observed in sheltered horticultural crops compared with unsheltered crops.	Fitzpatrick, D., (1994). <i>Money Trees on your Property: profit gained through trees and how to grow them</i> . Inkata Press, Sydney.